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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/689,636	10/22/2003	Mitsuhiro Kawasaki	243949US8CONT	4055
22850	7590 11/12/2004		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SP	IVAK, MCCLELLAN	LEPISTO, RYAN A		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2883	
		DATE MAIL ED: 11/12/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Ap	plicant(s)			
		10/689,636		WASAKI ET AL.			
Office Acti	on Summary	Examiner		Unit			
		Ryan Lepisto	288				
	ATE of this communication app	1 .					
Period for Reply							
THE MAILING DATE (- Extensions of time may be averafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the second of the secon	TUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Failable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: the mailing date of this communication. A dabove is less than thirty (30) days, a reply field above, the maximum statutory period were or extended period for reply will, by statute ice later than three months after the mailing int. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, howev y within the statutory minin will apply and will expire SI c, cause the application to I	er, may a reply be timely file num of thirty (30) days will b IX (6) MONTHS from the mo become ABANDONED (35	ed be considered timely. ailing date of this communication. 5 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) Responsive to co	ommunication(s) filed on 22 O	ctober 2003.					
2a)☐ This action is FII	· · · <u> </u>	action is non-final	•	•			
3) Since this applic	ation is in condition for allowar	nce except for forn	nal matters, prosec	ution as to the merits is			
closed in accord	ance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 19	935 C.D. 11, 453 O	.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 5-10 is/	are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	s/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-10</u> is/	are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) i	s/are objected to.			•			
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirem	ient.				
Application Papers				•			
9) The specification	is objected to by the Examine	er.					
· ·	led on <u>22 October 2003</u> is/are:		r b) objected to b	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not	request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in	abeyance. See 37	CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement draw	ving sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the	drawing(s) is objecte	d to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or decla	aration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the	attached Office Acti	ion or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119			•			
<u> </u>	: is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 I	LSC 8 119(a)-(d)	or (f)			
a)⊠ All b)□ Som	_	priority and crook	7.0.0. 3 1 10(d) (d)	OI (1).			
	opies of the priority document	s have been receiv	ved.				
. <u>—</u>	opies of the priority document			lo. 10/689,636.			
	the certified copies of the prior		• •				
application	n from the International Bureau	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a	3)).	•			
* See the attached	detailed Office action for a list	of the certified cop	ies not received.	•			
Attaches and S							
Attachment(s)	1 (DTO 902)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	atomious Current (DTC) 440\			
 Notice of References Cited D Notice of Draftsperson's P. 	atent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		nterview Summary (PTC aper No(s)/Mail Date				
3) 🔀 Information Disclosure Sta	tement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) <u> </u>	lotice of Informal Patent				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/0	<u>vs</u> .	6) 🔲 C	Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 5-6 and 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berkey et al (US 2003/0086667 A1) (Berkey). Berkey teaches an optical fiber transmission system, which inherently can consist of a plurality of optical fibers, comprising an optical fiber that has the following properties:

Dispersion	Dispersion Slope	Transmission attenuation	Effective core area
at 1560 nm	at 1550 nm	at 1550 nm	at 1550 nm
Less than or equal to	0.045-0.075	Less than or equal to	90-115 μm²
22 ps/nm-km	ps/ nm² – km	0.2 dB/km	·
(paragraph 0066)	(paragraph 0067)	(paragraph 0065)	(paragraph 0062)

In the case where the claimed ranges "overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art" a prima facie case of obviousness exists. In re Wertheim, 541 F.2d 257, 191 USPQ 90 (CCPA 1976); In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

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2. Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berkey as applied to claims 5-6 and 9-10 above, and further in view of Terasawa et al (Us 5,822,488) (Terasawa).

Berkey teaches the optical fiber with the limitations described above used to reject claims 5-6 and 9-10 above.

Berkey does not teach expressly a fiber with a center and side core portion wherein a relative refractive index difference $\Delta 1$ of the center portion with respect to the clad portion and a relative refractive index difference $\Delta 2$ of the side portion with respect to the clad portion are both positive and satisfy the inequality $\Delta 1 > \Delta 2$.

Terasawa teaches an optical fiber (Fig. 22) with a center core region (150) and side core region (160) and a clad region (250) where $\Delta 4$ is the relative refractive index difference between the center core region and clad portion and $\Delta 5$ is the relative refractive index difference between the side core region and clad portion, wherein $\Delta 4 > \Delta 5$.

Berkey and Terasawa are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, graded index optical fibers.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify Berkey to include the two core regions with the refractive index inequality satisfied as taught by Terasawa.

The motivation for doing so would have been to increase the fiber's efficiency and the number of systems the fiber can be used in by reducing the dispersion slope over a wide wavelength range (Terasawa, column 22 lines 19-21).

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ryan Lepisto whose telephone number is (571) 272-1946. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30AM-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frank Font can be reached on (571) 272-2415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

RM

Ryan Lepisto

Frank Font

Art Unit 2883

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Frank & Fort

Date: 11/2/04

Technology Center 2800